

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

**INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

**Nine Months Ended March 31, 2013 & February 29, 2012**

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, the statements must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements.

*signed "Shaun Maskerine"*  
Shaun Maskerine, Director

*signed "Duncan Cornish"*  
Duncan Cornish, Director

May 29, 2013

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

**Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited)**  
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	March 31, 2013	June 30, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash	\$ 943,857	\$ 2,050,629
Reclamation bond (Note 5)	5,000	5,000
Prepays	8,604	30,373
Other receivables	82,000	39,147
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>1,039,461</b>	<b>2,125,149</b>
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>		
Prepays	60,379	-
Investments	75	-
Property and equipment (Note 6)	69,605	49,677
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 7)	2,426,000	1,075,798
	<b>2,556,059</b>	<b>1,125,475</b>
	<b>\$3,595,520</b>	<b>\$ 3,250,624</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 146,303	\$ 234,290
Other payables	30,750	-
	<b>177,053</b>	<b>234,290</b>
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>		
Capital stock (Note 8)	4,745,636	3,389,073
Reserves	983,989	1,015,494
Accumulated losses	(2,311,158)	(1,388,233)
	<b>3,418,467</b>	<b>3,016,334</b>
	<b>\$3,595,520</b>	<b>\$ 3,250,624</b>

Subsequent events (Note 13)

On behalf of the Board:

signed "Shaun Maskerine"  
Shaun Maskerine, Director

signed "Duncan Cornish"  
Duncan Cornish, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

**Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss**  
**(Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Three months ended March 31, 2013	Three months ended February 29, 2012	Nine months ended March 31, 2013	Nine months ended February 29, 2012
<b>INTEREST INCOME</b>				
Interest received	\$ (6,422)	\$ (505)	\$ (25,065)	\$ (1,617)
<b>EXPENSES</b>				
Professional fees	22,612	8,536	55,661	36,947
Administration	49,718	21,982	141,492	41,519
Operating	54,401	37,362	146,811	53,252
Consulting fees	116,870	41,767	319,319	117,937
Transfer agent and filing fees	10,216	924	16,726	15,336
Share-based payments (Note 8(e))	54,047	12,961	290,184	36,622
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(57,644)	(30,045)	(24,566)	(30,443)
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>250,220</b>	<b>93,487</b>	<b>945,627</b>	<b>271,170</b>
<b>NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 243,798</b>	<b>\$ 92,982</b>	<b>\$ 920,562</b>	<b>\$ 269,553</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHESIVE INCOME</b>				
Exchange differences on translating foreign controlled entity	2,363	322	2,363	322
<b>TOTAL COMPREHESIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD</b>	<b>\$246,161</b>	<b>\$ 93,304</b>	<b>\$ 922,925</b>	<b>\$ 269,875</b>
<b>Loss per common share - basic and diluted</b>	<b>\$ 0.009</b>	<b>\$ 0.004</b>	<b>\$ 0.036</b>	<b>\$ 0.014</b>
<b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding</b>	<b>26,365,439</b>	<b>21,260,000</b>	<b>25,896,530</b>	<b>19,025,847</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
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**Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)**  
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Capital Stock		Reserves			Deficit	Total
	Number	\$	Options	Warrants	Total		
		\$	\$	\$	\$		
<b>Balance at June 1, 2011</b>	<b>15,350,000</b>	<b>712,199</b>	<b>90,460</b>	<b>211,177</b>	<b>301,637</b>	<b>(433,645)</b>	<b>580,191</b>
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(269,875)	(269,875)
Capital stock issued	5,000,000	918,367	-	81,633	81,633	-	1,000,000
Share-based payments	-	-	36,622	-	36,622	-	36,622
Options exercised	710,000	138,050	(64,045)	-	(64,045)	-	74,005
Warrants exercised	200,000	24,250	-	(4,250)	(4,250)	-	20,000
<b>Balance at February 29, 2012</b>	<b>21,260,000</b>	<b>1,792,866</b>	<b>63,037</b>	<b>288,560</b>	<b>351,597</b>	<b>(703,520)</b>	<b>1,440,943</b>
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(684,713)	(684,713)
Capital stock issued	2,760,161	1,670,027	-	400,094	400,094	-	2,070,121
Share-based payments	-	-	218,443	-	218,443	-	218,443
Options exercised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrants exercised	325,000	124,366	-	(10,616)	(10,616)	-	113,750
Share issue costs	-	(198,186)	-	55,976	55,976	-	(142,210)
<b>Balance at June 30, 2012</b>	<b>24,345,161</b>	<b>3,389,073</b>	<b>281,480</b>	<b>734,014</b>	<b>1,015,494</b>	<b>(1,388,233)</b>	<b>3,016,334</b>
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(922,925)	(922,925)
Capital stock issued	-	55,485	-	(55,485)	(55,485)	-	-
Share-based payments	-	-	290,184	-	290,184	-	290,184
Options exercised	200,000	68,609	(48,609)	-	(48,609)	-	20,000
Warrants exercised	6,742,500	1,232,469	-	(217,595)	(217,595)	-	1,014,874
<b>Balance at March 31, 2013</b>	<b>31,287,661</b>	<b>4,745,636</b>	<b>523,055</b>	<b>460,934</b>	<b>983,989</b>	<b>(2,311,158)</b>	<b>3,418,467</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
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**Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)**  
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Nine months ended March 31, 2013	Nine months ended February 29, 2012
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Loss for the period	\$ (922,925)	\$ (269,875)
Adjustments to reconcile loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Amortization	4,360	168
Share-based payments	290,184	36,622
Write-off of exploration & evaluation assets	-	-
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	(31,893)	(16,079)
Changes in non-cash working capital items		
Prepays	(38,610)	3,344
Other receivables	(42,225)	(28,619)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(118,695)	43,329
<b>Total cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(859,804)</b>	<b>(231,110)</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment	(40,805)	(3,656)
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets	(1,275,623)	(353,001)
Shares	(75)	-
<b>Total cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(1,316,503)</b>	<b>(356,657)</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Cash received on issuance of units	-	1,000,000
Cash received on exercise of options	20,000	74,004
Cash received on exercise of warrants	1,014,874	20,000
<b>Total cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>1,034,874</b>	<b>1,094,004</b>
Foreign exchange effect on cash	34,661	16,255
<b>Total increase (decrease) in cash during the period</b>	<b>(1,106,772)</b>	<b>522,492</b>
Cash, beginning of period	2,050,629	326,905
Cash, end of period	<b>\$ 943,857</b>	<b>\$ 849,397</b>
<b>Supplemental Cash Flow Information</b>		
Exploration and evaluation asset expenditures included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$58,062	\$ -
Amortization included in exploration and evaluation assets	\$16,517	\$ -

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**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
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**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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**1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS**

The Company is currently focused on exploring the Red Hill copper gold project in central New South Wales, Australia, and the Misima gold copper project on Misima Island, Papua New Guinea. The Company has not earned revenues and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not generated revenues from operations. As such, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern depends on its ability to successfully raise additional financing. If additional capital is not raised, the going concern basis may not be appropriate with the result that the Company may have to realize its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business, and at amounts different from those stated in the financial information. No adjustments for such circumstances have been made in the financial information.

The head office of the Company is located at Level 5, 10 Market Street, Brisbane, 4000, Australia, and the registered and records office of the Company is located at 2080 - 777 Hornby Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6Z 1S4.

**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

**(a) Statement of Compliance**

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*.

The significant accounting policies applied in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in note 3 and are based on IFRS effective June 30, 2012. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis using the accrual basis of accounting, except cash flow information.

**(b) Approval of the Interim condensed consolidated Financial Statements**

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 28, 2013.

**(c) Functional and Presentation Currency**

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise indicated. Areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 3(m).

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**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies set out below have been adopted for the nine months period ended March 31, 2013 and have been applied consistently to all comparative periods presented in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

**(a) Basis of Consolidation**

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Company and its 100% owned subsidiaries, WCB Australia Pty Ltd. in Australia, WCB Pacific Pty Ltd. in Australia and WCB PNG Ltd. in Papua New Guinea. All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

**(b) Foreign Currency Transactions**

Foreign currency accounts are translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

At the transaction date, each asset, liability, income and expense denominated in a foreign currency is translated into Canadian dollars by the use of the exchange rate in effect at that date. At the statement of financial position date, unsettled monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars by using the exchange rate in effect at that date and the related translation differences are recognized in net loss. Exchange gains and losses arising on the retranslation of monetary available-for-sale financial assets are treated as a separate component of the change in fair value and recognized in net loss. Exchange gains and losses on non-monetary available-for-sale financial assets form part of the overall gain or loss recognized in respect of that financial instrument.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at historical cost are translated into Canadian dollars by using the exchange rate in effect at the date of the initial transaction and are not subsequently restated. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or a revalued amount are translated into Canadian dollars by using the exchange rate in effect at the date the value is determined and the related translation differences are recognized in net loss/income or other comprehensive loss/income consistent with where the gain or loss on the underlying non-monetary asset or liability has been recognized.

**(c) Reclamation Deposits**

Cash that is subject to contractual restrictions on use is classified separately as reclamation deposits.

**(d) Mineral Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures**

*Pre-exploration Costs*

Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

*Exploration and Evaluation Assets*

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, costs directly related to exploration and evaluation expenditures are recognized and capitalized, in addition to the acquisition costs. These direct expenditures include such costs as materials used, surveying costs, drilling costs, payments made to contractors, and depreciation on property and equipment during the exploration phase. Costs not directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities, including general administrative overhead costs, are expensed in the period in which they occur.



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**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Mineral Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures (Continued)

*Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Continued)*

The Company may occasionally enter into farm-out arrangements, whereby the Company will transfer part of a mineral interest, as consideration, for an agreement by the transferee to meet certain exploration and evaluation expenditures, which would have otherwise been undertaken by the Company. The Company does not record any expenditures made by the farmee on its behalf. Any cash consideration received from the agreement is credited against the costs previously capitalized to the mineral interest given up by the Company, with any excess cash accounted for as a gain on disposal.

Conversely, the Company may occasionally enter into farm-in agreements, whereby the Company will obtain part of a mineral interest and, as consideration, must meet certain exploration and evaluation expenditures, which would have otherwise been undertaken by the transferor. All expenditures made by the Company are capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets as incurred.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation expenditure costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to the statement of comprehensive loss/income.

The Company assesses exploration and evaluation assets for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an asset may exceed its recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mines under construction". Exploration and evaluation assets are also tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties.

As the Company currently has no operational income, any incidental revenues earned in connection with exploration activities are applied as a reduction to capitalized exploration costs.

Mineral exploration and evaluation expenditures are classified as intangible assets.

(e) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided, using the straight-line method, over the following periods:

Plant and equipment	3 years
Motor vehicle	3 years

(f) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

Impairment tests on intangible assets with indefinite useful economic lives are undertaken annually at the financial period-end. Other non-financial assets, including exploration and evaluation assets are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, the asset is written down accordingly.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the asset's cash-generating unit, which is the lowest group of assets in which the asset belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets.

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**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Impairment of Non-financial Assets (Continued)

An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss, except to the extent they reverse gains previously recognized in comprehensive loss.

(g) Capital Stock

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares, share purchase warrants and stock options are classified as equity instruments.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

The Company has adopted a relative fair value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. Proceeds received on the issuance of units, consisting of common shares and warrants, are allocated to the warrants and common shares issued based on the relative fair values of the components.

(h) Share-based Payments

Where equity-settled share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss over the vesting period. Performance vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether these vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition or where a non-vesting condition is not satisfied.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the equity instrument granted at the grant date. The grant date fair value is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss over the vesting period, described as the period during which all the vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

Where equity instruments are granted to non-employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the goods or services received in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss, unless they are related to the issuance of shares. Amounts related to the issuance of shares are recorded as a reduction of capital stock.

When the value of goods or services received in exchange for the share-based payment cannot be reliably estimated, the fair value is measured by use of a valuation model. The expected life used in the model is adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioral considerations.

All equity-settled share-based payments are reflected in share-based payments reserve, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in share-based payments reserve is credited to capital stock along with any consideration paid.

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**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Share-based Payments (Continued)

Where a grant of options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognizes the amount that otherwise would have been recognized for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payment made to the employee on the cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest, except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognized as an expense.

(i) Loss per Share

Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method, the dilutive effect on earnings per share is calculated presuming the exercise of outstanding options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds of such exercises would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period. However, the calculation of diluted loss per share excludes the effects of various conversions and exercise of options and warrants that would be anti-dilutive. Shares held in escrow, other than where their release is subject to the passage of time, are not included in the calculation of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

(j) Financial Instruments

(i) Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into one of the following categories based on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. All transactions related to financial instruments are recorded on a trade date basis. The Company's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

*Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss*

An instrument is classified at fair value through profit or loss if it is held for trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated at fair value through profit or loss if the Company manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Company's risk management or investment strategy. Upon initial recognition, attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss. *Held-to-maturity ("HTM") financial assets*

HTM investments are recognized on a trade-date basis and are initially measured at fair value, including transaction costs using the effective interest rate method. The Company does not have any assets classified as HTM investments.

*Available-for sale ("AFS") financial assets*

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as AFS or not classified in any of the other financial asset categories and are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of AFS financial assets are recognized as other comprehensive income and classified as a component of equity.

Management assesses the carrying value of AFS financial assets at every reporting period and any impairment charges are also recognized in income or loss. When financial assets classified as AFS are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments are derecognized from comprehensive income and recognized in profit or loss.

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**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**  
Expressed in Canadian Dollars  
For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial Assets (Continued)

*Loans and Receivables*

These assets are non-derivative financial assets resulting from the delivery of cash or other assets by a lender to a borrower in return for a promise to repay on a specified date or dates, or on demand. They are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue and subsequently carried at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees and transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in the profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

*Impairment of Financial Assets*

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired, if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

(ii) Financial Liabilities

*Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss*

This category comprises derivatives, or liabilities acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. The Company does not have any liabilities classified as fair value through profit or loss.

*Other Financial Liabilities*

Financial liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, initially recognized at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the instrument and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period of repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried in the statement of financial position. Interest expense in this context includes initial transaction costs and premiums payable on redemption, as well as any interest or coupon payable while the liability is outstanding.

*Derivative Financial Instruments*

The Company is not engaged in any derivative contracts.

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**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Provisions

*Rehabilitation Provision*

The Company is subject to various government laws and regulations relating to environmental disturbances caused by exploration and evaluation activities. The Company records management's best estimate of the present value of the estimated costs of legal and constructive obligations required to restore the exploration sites in the period in which the obligation is incurred. The nature of rehabilitation activities includes restoration, reclamation and revegetation of the affected exploration sites.

The rehabilitation provision generally arises when the environmental disturbance is subject to government laws and regulations. When the liability is recognized, the present value of the estimated costs is capitalized by increasing the carrying amount of the related mining assets. Over time, the discounted liability is increased for the changes in present value based on current market discount rates and liability specific risks.

Subsequent to the initial measurement, the obligation is adjusted at the end of each period to reflect the passage of time and changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as finance costs whereas increases/decreases due to changes in the estimated future cash flows are capitalized. Actual costs incurred upon settlement of the decommissioning obligations are charged against the provision.

Additional environment disturbances or changes in rehabilitation costs will be recognized as additions to the corresponding assets and rehabilitation liability in the period in which they occur.

*Other Provisions*

Provisions are recognized for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount that have arisen as a result of past transactions, including legal or constructive obligations. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

(l) Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in net income, except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive loss/income.

Current income taxes are recognized for the estimated income taxes payable or receivable on taxable income or loss for the current period and any adjustment to income taxes payable in respect of previous periods. Current income taxes are determined using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period-end date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized where the carrying amount of an asset or liability differs from its tax base, except for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill and temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Recognition of deferred tax assets for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences is restricted to those instances where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized. At the end of each reporting period the Company reassesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. The Company recognizes a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

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Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements within the next financial period are discussed below.

(i) Rehabilitation Provisions

Management's best estimates regarding the rehabilitation provisions have been created based on the Company's internal estimates. Assumptions, based on the current economic environment have been made, which management believes are a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the future liability. These estimates take into account any material changes to the assumptions that occur when reviewed regularly by management. Estimates are reviewed annually and are based on current regulatory requirements. Significant changes in estimates of contamination, restoration standards and techniques will result in changes to provisions from period to period. Actual rehabilitation costs will ultimately depend on future market prices for the rehabilitation costs, which will reflect the market condition at the time the rehabilitation costs are actually incurred. Based on management's best estimate, the Company does not have a rehabilitation obligation as at March 31, 2013 (February 29, 2012 - \$nil).

(ii) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditures are capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written-off to profit or loss in the period the new information becomes available.

(iii) Title to Mineral Property Interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

(iv) Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Mining and Exploration Tax Recoveries

The Company recognizes mining and exploration tax recoveries in the period in which the related qualifying resource expenditures are incurred. The amount recoverable is subject to review and approval by the taxation authorities and is adjusted in the period when such approval is confirmed.

4. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Company has not early-adopted these revised standards and is currently assessing the impact these standards will have on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

(a) New Accounting Standards Impacting on Annual Reporting Period On or After January 1, 2013

*IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures in Respect of Offsetting (Amendment)*

At its meeting December 13, to 15, 2011, the IASB approved amendments to *IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures* with respect to offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. The common disclosure requirements issued by the IASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board in December 2012 are intended to help investors and other users to better assess the effect or potential effect of offsetting arrangements on a company's financial position.

*IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements*

IFRS 10 replaces the portion of *IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* that addresses the accounting for financial statements and *SIC12 Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities*. IFRS 10 establishes principles for the presentation and preparation of financial statements when an entity controls one or more entities. This standard (i) requires a parent entity (an entity that controls one or more other entities) to present financial statements; (ii) defines the principle of control and establishes control as a basis for consolidation; (iii) sets out how to apply the principle of control whether an investor controls an investee and therefore must consolidate the investee; and (iv) sets out the accounting requirements for the preparation of financial statements.

IFRS 10 may be adopted to an earlier accounting period, but in doing so, an entity must disclose the fact that it has early-adopted the standard and apply *IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements*, *IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*, *IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements* (as amended in 2012) and *IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* (as amended in 2012).

*IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*

IFRS 12 combines the disclosure requirements for an entity's interest in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities into one comprehensive disclosure standard. This standard requires the disclosure of information that enable users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, its interest in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

*IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement*

IFRS 13 provides guidance on how to measure fair value, but does not change when fair value is required or permitted under IFRS. IFRS 13 defines fair value, sets out a single IFRS framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. IFRS 13 applies when another IFRS requires or permits fair value measurements or disclosures about fair value measurements (and measurements, such as fair value less costs to sell, based on fair value or disclosures about those measurements), except for: share-based payment transactions within the scope of *IFRS 2 Share-based Payment*; leasing transactions with the scope of *IAS 17 Leases*; measurements that have some similarities to fair value that are not fair value, such as net realizable value in *IAS 2 Inventories*; or value in use *IAS 36 Impairment of Assets*.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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4. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

(a) New Accounting Standards Impacting on Annual Reporting Period On or After January 1, 2013  
(Continued)

*IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements*

IAS 27 has the objective of setting standards to be applied in accounting for investments in subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates when an entity elects, or is required by local regulations, to present separate (non-consolidated) financial statements.

*IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*

IAS 28 prescribes the accounting for investments in associates and to set the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted.

(b) New Accounting Standards Impacting on Annual Reporting Period On or After February 1, 2014

*IAS 32 Financial Instruments - Presentation in Respect of Offsetting (Amendment)*

At its meeting December 13, to 15, 2011 the IASB approved amendments to IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* with respect to offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. As part of this project, the IASB also clarified aspects of IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The amendments to IAS 32 address inconsistencies in current practice when applying the requirements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014 and are required to be applied retrospectively.

(c) New Accounting Standards Impacting on Annual Reporting Period On or After February 1, 2015

*IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (2009)*

IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for classifying and measuring financial assets, as follows:

- Debt instruments meeting both a “business model” test and a “cash flow characteristics” test are measured at amortized cost (the use of fair value is optional in some limited circumstances)
- Investments in equity instruments can be designated as “fair value through OCI” with only dividends being recognized in profit or loss
- All other instruments (including all derivatives) are measured at fair value with changes recognized in the profit or loss
- The concept of “embedded derivatives” does not apply to financial assets within the scope of the standard and the entire instrument must be classified and measured in accordance with the above guidelines.

This standard is only applicable if it is optionally adopted for annual periods beginning before January 1, 2015. For annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015, the Company must adopt IFRS 9 (2011).



**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

4. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (Continued)

(d) New Accounting Standards Impacting on Annual Reporting Period On or After January 1, 2015  
(Continued)

*IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (2011)*

This is a revised version incorporating revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, and carrying over the existing de-recognition requirements from IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

The revised financial liability provisions maintain the existing amortized cost measurement basis for most liabilities. New requirements apply where an entity chooses to measure a liability at fair value through profit or loss; in these cases, the portion of the change in fair value related to changes in the entity's own credit risk is presented in OCI rather than within profit or loss.

This standard applies to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015 and supersedes IFRS 9 (2009). However, for annual reporting periods beginning before January 1, 2015, the Company may early-adopt IFRS 9 (2009) instead of applying this standard.

5. RECLAMATION BOND

The Company has purchased a \$5,000 guaranteed investment certificate ("GIC") required for a reclamation bond with the Ministry of Energy, Mines & Petroleum Resources Division in the Province of British Columbia. This is a variable interest rate GIC that matures on May 17, 2013. The effective interest rate at the time of reinvestment was 0.95%.

6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer equipment	Furniture and office equipment	Motor vehicle	Total
<b>Cost</b>				
Balance at June 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0
Additions	3,659	-	-	3,659
Balance at February 29, 2012	3,659	-	-	3,659
Additions	(65)	-	47,328	47,263
Balance at June 30, 2012	3,594	-	47,328	50,922
Additions	24,154	16,650	-	40,804
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$ 27,748	\$ 16,650	\$ 47,328	\$ 91,726
<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>				
Balance at June 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0
Amortization	171	-	-	171
Balance at February 29, 2012	171	-	-	171
Amortization	363	-	711	1,074
Balance at June 30, 2012	534	-	711	\$ 1,245
Amortization	4,360	3,155	13,361	20,876
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$ 4,894	\$ 3,155	\$ 14,072	\$ 22,121
<b>Carrying amounts</b>				
Balance at June 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Balance at February 29, 2012	\$ 3,488	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,488
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ 3,060	\$ -	\$ 46,617	\$ 49,677
Balance at March 31, 2013	\$ 22,854	\$ 13,495	\$ 33,256	\$ 69,605

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

**7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS**

	Maroon Property \$	Red Hill Project \$	EL1747 Misima \$	Total \$
<b>Acquisition costs</b>				
Balance at June 1, 2011 and February 29, 2012	40,000	-	-	40,000
Write-off acquisition costs	(40,000)	-	-	(40,000)
<b>Balance: June 30, 2012</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Balance: March 31, 2013</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Exploration costs</b>				
Balance: June 1, 2011	163,780	50,962	-	214,742
Assays	-	2,845	-	2,845
Consulting and administration	-	104,289	102,971	207,260
Drilling	-	125,848	-	125,848
Field and miscellaneous	-	-	10,404	10,404
Geological and geophysical	-	27,016	136,558	163,574
BC Mining Tax Credit	(47,130)	-	-	(47,130)
<b>Balance: February 29, 2012</b>	<b>116,650</b>	<b>310,960</b>	<b>249,933</b>	<b>677,543</b>
Assays	-	(654)	84,035	83,381
Consulting and administration	-	2,025	474,937	476,962
Drilling	-	6,296	-	6,296
Field and miscellaneous	-	-	22,966	22,966
Geological and geophysical	-	(816)	(73,884)	(74,700)
BC Mining Tax Credit	-	-	-	-
Write-off exploration costs	(116,650)	-	-	(116,650)
<b>Balance: June 30, 2012</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>317,811</b>	<b>757,987</b>	<b>1,075,798</b>
Assays	-	417	51,938	52,355
Consulting and administration	-	33,143	615,432	648,575
Drilling	-	(22,296)	-	(22,296)
Field and miscellaneous	-	-	168,477	168,477
Geological and geophysical	-	25,730	477,361	503,091
BC Mining Tax Credit	-	-	-	-
Write-off exploration costs	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance: March 31, 2013</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>354,805</b>	<b>2,071,195</b>	<b>2,426,000</b>
<b>Carrying amounts</b>				
At June 1, 2011	203,780	50,962	-	254,742
At February 29, 2012	156,650	310,960	249,933	717,543
At June 30, 2012	-	317,811	757,987	1,075,798
At March 31, 2013	-	354,805	2,071,195	2,426,000

The Company announced its withdrawal from the Maroon Property on March 28, 2012. The total exploration expenditures for the Maroon Property have been written off during the thirteen-month period ended June 30, 2012.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
(An Exploration Stage Company)

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)

(a) Maroon Property

In April 2010, the Company entered into a Property option agreement with Angel Jade Mines Ltd. ("Angel Jade") under which the Company has acquired the right to earn a 100% undivided interest in and to the Maroon Property (subject to a 2.0% net smelter return royalty), by paying Angel Jade an aggregate \$165,000 in cash, issuing to the vendor an aggregate 350,000 common shares of WCB and expending an aggregate \$200,000 on the Maroon Property as follows:

- (i) \$15,000 in cash (paid) and 100,000 common shares (issued) upon completion of the Qualifying Transaction;
- (ii) Expenditures of a minimum of \$200,000 on the Maroon Property within 12 months of the completion of the Qualifying Transaction; and
- (iii) \$150,000 in cash and 250,000 common shares within 24 months of the completion of the Qualifying Transaction.

On March 28, 2012, the Company announced its withdrawal from the Maroon Property. The total exploration costs were written off during the thirteen-month period ended June 30, 2012.

(b) Red Hill Project

On August 20, 2010, the Company entered into an Option Agreement, as amended on November 14 and 30, 2011, with Elephant Mines Pty Ltd. ("Elephant") whereby the Company can acquire up to 100% of Elephant's 100% owned interest in the Red Hill copper gold project in central New South Wales, Australia (the "Property").

To acquire an undivided 50.1% right, title and interest in the Property:

- (i) WCB must incur an aggregate AUD1,000,000 of expenditures on the Property during the five year period (the "Option Period") commencing August 30, 2010 (the "Effective Date"). These expenditures include a minimum of AUD40,000 per tenement per year commencing on September 7, 2010 and each anniversary date thereafter during the Option Period; and
- (ii) Following WCB attaining favorable geological results on the Property and upon the recommendations of its geologists, the completion of a minimum 300 meter depth drill hole on the Property within two years from the Effective Date.

In addition to the above and commencing on the Effective Date, WCB will pay Elephant AUD30,000 annually for a period of five years or until it has earned a 100% interest in the Property, whichever is completed earlier.

At any time during the Option Period, WCB may acquire a full 100% interest in and to the Property by paying AUD1,000,000 in cash and common shares of the Company (the "Second Option Price") to Elephant, provided that no more than 50% of the Second Option Price may be payable in common shares of the Company.

As of March 31, 2013, WCB is current in all of its obligations for the Red Hill Project.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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**7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)**

**(c) EL1747 Misima**

The Company has, through its wholly owned subsidiary, WCB Pacific Pty Ltd., entered into a Sale & Farm-In Agreement with Pan Pacific Copper ("PPC") covering (the granted) EL1747 located on Misima Island, Papua New Guinea.

Under the terms and conditions of the Sale & Farm-In Agreement, the Company can obtain up to a 70% interest in EL1747 Misima by spending a total of AUD9.0M within a four year timeframe as follows:

- (i) A 30% interest for expending AUD1,000,000;
- (ii) The Company can earn a further 19% interest (for a total interest of 49%) by expending a further AUD3,000,000 within 12 months; and
- (iii) The Company can earn a further and final 21% interest (for a total interest of 70%) by expending a further AUD5,000,000 within a further two years.

Should the Company elect not to proceed further to earn additional option interests at any time after the initial 30% interest or to fully earn the full 70% interest, the parties will enter into a joint venture in which standard dilution formulas will apply for non-contribution. PPC retain the right to an offtake agreement for all mineral production within EL1747 based on prevailing metal prices and a commercial terms basis.

The Sale & Farm-in Agreement is subject to standard conditions precedent including PPC and Gallipoli Board approvals and PNG regulatory approvals. As of the date of signing, the Company had satisfied the first hurdle and has, subject to registering the interest in PNG, a 30% interest in Gallipoli.

**8. CAPITAL STOCK**

**(a) Authorized**

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares, issuable in series.

The holders of common shares are entitled to receive dividends, which are declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares are ranked equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

**(b) Issued and Outstanding**

During the quarter ended March 31, 2013:

- (i) 5,380,000 warrants with a fair value of \$112,980 were exercised to purchase 5,380,000 common shares in the Company at a price of \$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of \$538,000.

**(c) Escrow Shares**

On April 9, 2010, 10% of 3,000,000 common shares and 10% of 7,250,000 common shares previously held in escrow were released on the issuance of the Final Exchange Bulletin (the "Initial Release"). An additional 15% (1,537,500 common shares) will be released from escrow on the dates 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 and 36 months following the Initial Release. While in escrow, the escrow shares may not be sold, assigned, hypothecated, transferred within escrow or otherwise dealt with in any manner without the consent of the regulatory authorities.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

8. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

(c) Escrow Shares (Continued)

Details of the status of these escrow shares as at March 31, 2013 are as follows:

Percentage of Shares Held in Escrow	Number of Shares Held in Escrow	Number of Shares Released from Escrow	Date of Release from Escrow
10%	-	1,025,000	April 9, 2010
15%	-	1,537,500	October 9, 2010
15%	-	1,537,500	April 9, 2011
15%	-	1,537,500	October 9, 2011
15%	-	1,537,500	April 9, 2012
15%	-	1,537,500	October 9, 2012
15%	1,537,500	-	April 9, 2013
100%	1,537,500	8,712,500	

(d) Warrants

Details of the status of the Company's warrants as at March 31, 2013 and changes during the period are as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, June 1, 2011	8,050,000	\$ 0.10
Issue of warrants	4,045,693	\$0.60
Exercised warrants	(525,000)	\$ 0.25
Warrants outstanding as at June 30, 2012	11,570,693	\$ 0.28
Exercised warrants	(6,742,500)	\$ 0.15
Warrants expired	(812,500)	\$ 0.35
Warrants outstanding & exercisable as at March 31, 2013	4,015,693	\$ 0.47

The warrants outstanding at March 31, 2013 are as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,380,083	\$ 1.10	September 22, 2013
165,610	\$ 0.75	September 22, 2013
2,470,000	\$ 0.10	April 8, 2013
4,015,693		

(e) Options

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") under which it is authorized to grant options to officers, directors, employees and consultants in consideration for services.

Under the terms of the Plan, the exercise price of each option will not be lower than the market price of the Company's shares on the TSX-V at the time of grant. Options granted may have a maximum term of five years. Vesting terms are determined at the time the options are granted. The aggregate number of shares that may be reserved for issuance to satisfy the exercise of options granted under the Plan may not exceed 5,100,000 options and to each individual may not exceed 5% of the issued shares.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

8. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

(e) Options (Continued)

Details of the status of the Company's stock options as at March 31, 2013 and changes during the nine month period are as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Options outstanding as at June 30, 2011	4,200,000	\$ 0.34
Granted	600,000	0.55
Exercised	(200,000)	0.10
Expired	(100,000)	0.60
<b>Options outstanding as at March 31, 2013</b>	<b>4,500,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.37</b>
<b>Options exercisable as at March 31, 2013</b>	<b>2,700,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.36</b>

The stock options outstanding at March 31, 2013 are as follows:

Expiry Date	Number of Options	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Exercise Price
September 18, 2013	100,000	0.01	\$ 0.60
July 10, 2014	2,250,000	0.64	\$ 0.25
November 5, 2014	200,000	0.07	\$ 0.60
April 8, 2015	440,000	0.20	\$ 0.10
May 22, 2015	500,000	0.24	\$ 0.60
June 29, 2017	610,000	0.58	\$ 0.60
October 16, 2017	200,000	0.20	\$ 0.45
October 16, 2017	200,000	0.20	\$ 0.60
	<b>4,500,000</b>	<b>2.14</b>	<b>\$ 0.37</b>

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

8. CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

(e) Options (Continued)

Share-based payments expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012 is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2013	Three months ended February 29, 2012
Directors (note 9)	\$ 7,410	\$ 12,961
Consultants	23,153	-
Employees	23,484	-
	<u>\$ 54,047</u>	<u>\$ 12,961</u>

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, compensation of key management personnel comprised:

	Three months ended March 31, 2013	Three months ended February 29, 2012
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 151,394	\$ 78,128
Share-based payments	7,410	12,961
	<u>\$ 158,804</u>	<u>\$ 91,089</u>

10. RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company classifies its cash as held-for-trading; reclamation bond, as held-to-maturity; and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, as other financial liabilities.

(a) Fair Value

The carrying values of the reclamation bond and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk for the Company is associated with its cash and reclamation bond. The Company is not exposed to significant credit risk as its cash and reclamation bond are placed with a major Canadian financial institution.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows required by operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company has cash and other receivables at March 31, 2013 in the amounts of \$943,857 and \$82,000, respectively, (February 29, 2012 - \$849,397 and \$30,127, respectively), which is sufficient to meet its short-term business requirements. At March 31, 2013, the Company has accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$146,303 (February 29, 2012 - \$167,588) with contractual maturities of less than 30 days.

**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

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10. RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk to the extent expenditures incurred or funds received and balances maintained by the Company are denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, primarily in Australian dollars ("AUD"). The Company has net monetary assets at March 31, 2013 in the amount of \$645,994 (February 29, 2012 - \$452,505) denominated in AUD.

For the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company's sensitivity analysis suggests that a change in the absolute rate of exchange in AUD by 7.5% will have a material effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations in the amount of approximately \$48,000.

The Company does not manage currency risk through hedging or other currency management tools.

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company's cash consists of cash held in bank accounts that earn interest at variable interest rates. Due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments, fluctuations in market rates do not have a significant impact on the estimated fair value as at March 31, 2013.

(iii) Other Price Risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financing instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to significant other price risk.

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration of its mineral property interests.

The Company defines its capital as shareholders' equity. Capital requirements are driven by the Company's general operations. To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the Company monitors expenses and overhead to ensure costs and commitments are being paid.

Although the Company has been successful at raising funds in the past through the issuance of capital stock, it is uncertain whether it will be able to continue this form of financing due to uncertain economic conditions. The Company believes that it has sufficient funds to fund its working capital for the coming year.

There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period. The Company is not exposed to any externally imposed capital requirements.



**WCB RESOURCES LTD.**  
**(An Exploration Stage Company)**

**Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars

For the nine months ended March 31, 2013 and February 29, 2012

**12. SEGMENTED REPORTING**

The Company has one operating segment, the exploration of gold copper projects in Australia and Papua New Guinea, with a corporate office in Canada. The geographical segmentation of the Company's non-current assets are as follows:

	Canada	Australia	Papua New Guinea	Total
<b>As at March 31, 2013</b>				
Prepays	\$ 60,379	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,379
Investments	75	-	-	75
Property and equipment	21,513	1,341	46,751	69,605
Exploration and evaluation assets	-	2,216,095	209,905	2,426,000
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>\$ 81,967</b>	<b>\$ 2,217,436</b>	<b>\$ 256,656</b>	<b>\$ 2,556,059</b>
<b>As at June 30, 2012</b>				
Property and equipment	\$ 1,197	\$ 1,863	\$ 46,617	\$ 49,677
Exploration and evaluation assets	-	1,075,087	711	1,075,798
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,197</b>	<b>\$ 1,076,950</b>	<b>\$ 47,328</b>	<b>\$ 1,125,475</b>

**13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On April 4, 2013, 727,500 warrants were exercised to purchase 727,500 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of \$72,750.

On April 8, 2013, 1,742,500 warrants were exercised to purchase 1,742,500 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of \$174,250.

There have been no other events since March 31, 2013 that impact upon the financial report as at March 31, 2013.